

Design of a digital home intervention for children's oral narrative development based on a personalized book

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Outline

- 1. What?
- 2. Why?3. How?





1. What? narrative discourse

Extended and decontextualized form of discourse in which temporally and causally-related events, are communicated to real or imagined listeners (Gillam et al., 2023)

Types

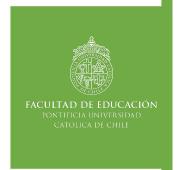
- Personal
- Fictional

Components

- Macro (setting, character, problem, feeling, action, ending)
- Micro

Ways to measure

- Retelling
- Telling



1. Why narrative discourse?

Mean of self-construction (Nelson, 2000)

Predicts oral comprehension (Babayiğit et al., 2021; Suggate et al., 2018) and written production (Pinto et al., 2016)

Narrative discourse



Relation with socio-cognitive understanding (Veneziano et al., 2020)

Relation with executive Functions (Moreira et al., 2023; Nelson & Kahn, 2019)

Why narrative discourse? II

Vocabulary and oral comprehension (Hall et al., 2021)

In the Chilean ECE curriculum narrative production is not a learning goal (MINEDUC, 2018)



How? Based on knowledge gaps

Classroom interventions

- Curriculum (e.g. Story Champs ES=.21 for narrative production; and .41 for retelling).

- Few home interventions designed to be easy to implement→ scalable (c.f. Kirby & Spencer, 2022)
- Few addressing cognitive and emotional domains

(Nelson & Khan, 2019)



How: Difficult vs. Easy to implement

- Trains expected behaviors
- Engagement not targeted
- Different materials

- Embedded expected behaviors
- Engagement facilitated
- Device that can give feedback for learner (i.e. child's performance) and implementer (i.e. parent's dosage)



Dynamic system approach

Language emerges "from nonlinear interactions between multiple cognitive, social, emotional, and contextual conditions" (Nelson & Khan, 2019)



Impacts of personalization and agency

THE IMPACT OF CHOICE ON NARRATIVE SKILLS

P1: Beehive is too high to reach

P2: Beehive is guarded by bees

S1: gets a ladder

S2: float ups with balloons

Khan et al., 2014



¡Oscarito!

Oscarito y el mundo de superhéroes que siempre imaginaban

Children: more laughs, spontaneous turns, comments connecting life and story, words and word/utterances ratio

Adults: more enjoyment, comments for child connect story with life

S3: disguises himself as bee IE1: Sees honey in tree S4: makes friends with the bees IE2: It starts raining* S5: takes shelter under tree S6: goes into a tent Character 1: Bear* P3: Bear doesn't like getting wet Character 2: Fox P4: Can't find way home* Setting 1: Forest* S7: Follows paw prints home* Setting 2: Garden S8: Cries out for help R1: Bear is dry and warm* R2: Bear takes a nap

Mendive et al, 2023

How: theory of change

Personalization

Engagement

Attention

Narrative development



Embedded expected interactions

Macrostructure knowledge

Microstructure knowledge

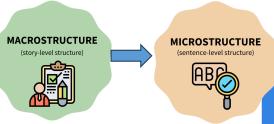
How: Intervention principles I



Playfulness (child and adult)



Dialogic reading (DR)



Learning Sequence



How: Intervention principles II









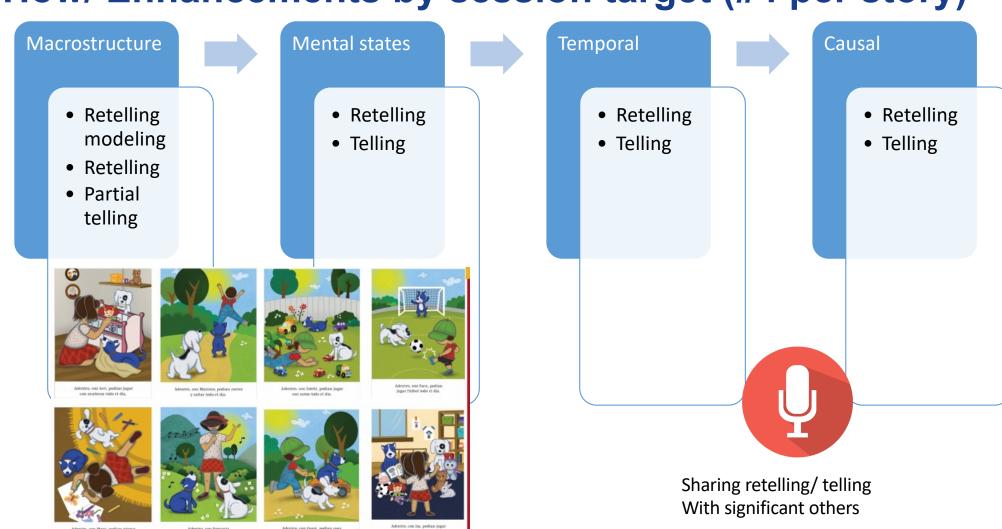
- Digital story-related enhancements (Furenes et al. 2021)
- Minds on, engaging, meaningful, social interaction (Hirsh-Pasek, et al., 2015) multimodality

Book Personalization Feedback and reinforcement of child speech

(Kucirkova., 2014)

(Eng et al., 2019)

How/ Enhancements by session target (#4 per story)



How/ Enhancements for skills within sessions

During shared reading

Oral comprehension:

 Questions, comments linked with macro/microstructure or mental states After reading

Talk and examples about session target

Retelling

Telling



How/ Personalized feedback and reinforcement

Choose who is going to join us now





click images

Choose how to cellebrate...



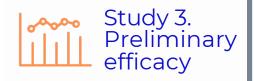


Sound and animated image

Studies









Gitlin et al., 2016.

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Suggestions, questions WELCOMED

Thanks!

