

# False Prophets and Wise Choices: A Humane Approach to School Reform

Jal Mehta, Professor of Education,  
Harvard Graduate School of Education  
Proleer Meeting

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# What is.



**English**  
(4 years)

**Math**  
(3 years)

**Science**  
(3 years)

**Social studies**  
(2 years)

**P.E.**

**Required  
Attendance: #  
days in school**





**Problem-solver**

**Communicator**

**Collaborator**

**Self-directed  
lifelong learner**

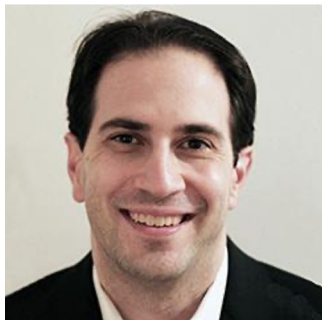
**Creative & critical  
thinker**

**Entrepreneur**

**Contributing  
community  
and global  
citizen**

**What  
should be.**

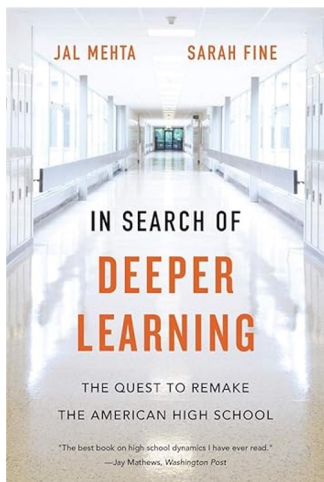
# Our Journey



- ❖ 27 schools *recommended* schools in Boston, Cambridge, Providence, New York, Washington, Chicago, Cincinnati, Denver, San Diego + a two anonymous suburbs and one magnet not located in a city



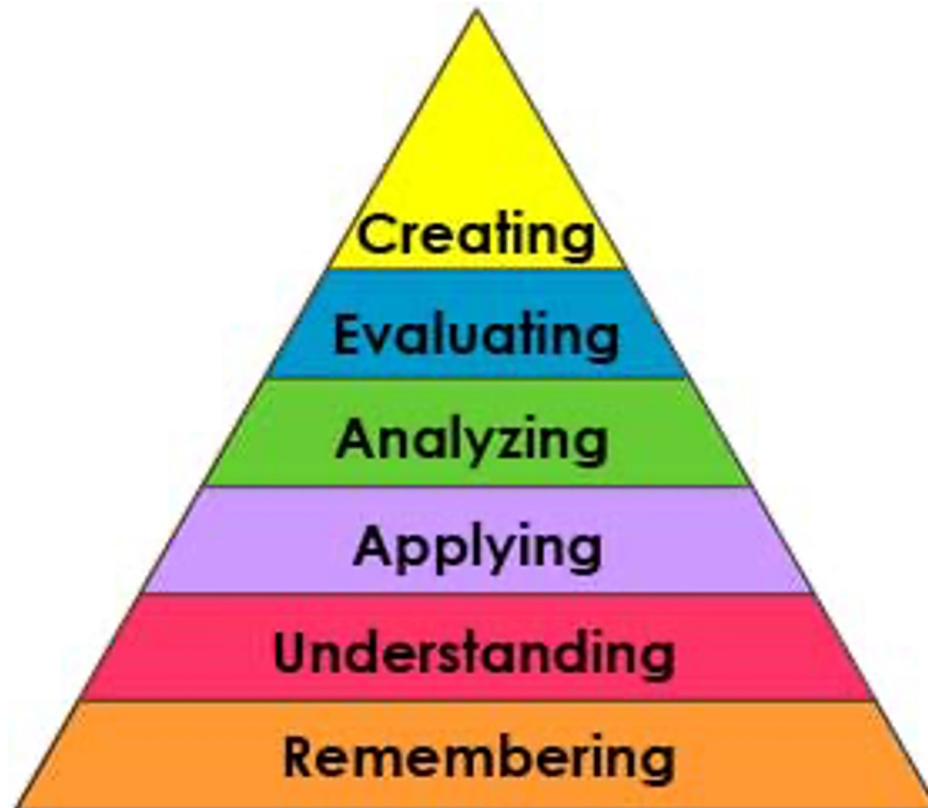
- ❖ Pluralistic sample (progressive, no excuses, STEM, International Baccalaureate, traditional comprehensives, urban, suburban)
- ❖ Charters, small schools, magnet, traditional public; oversample on schools serving poor and working class students
- ❖ 750 hours of observations, 300 interviews



- ❖ Grounded theory and strategic sampling:
  - ❖ 4 deep dive schools (20-30 days)
  - ❖ 6 medium dive schools (5-10 days)
  - ❖ 17 shallow dive schools (1-4 days)
- ❖ Deep dives on theater and debate (3 month-long immersions in full cycles of theater/debate, interviews with all participants, etc.)
- ❖ Deep dives on 7 of the most compelling teachers in our journey

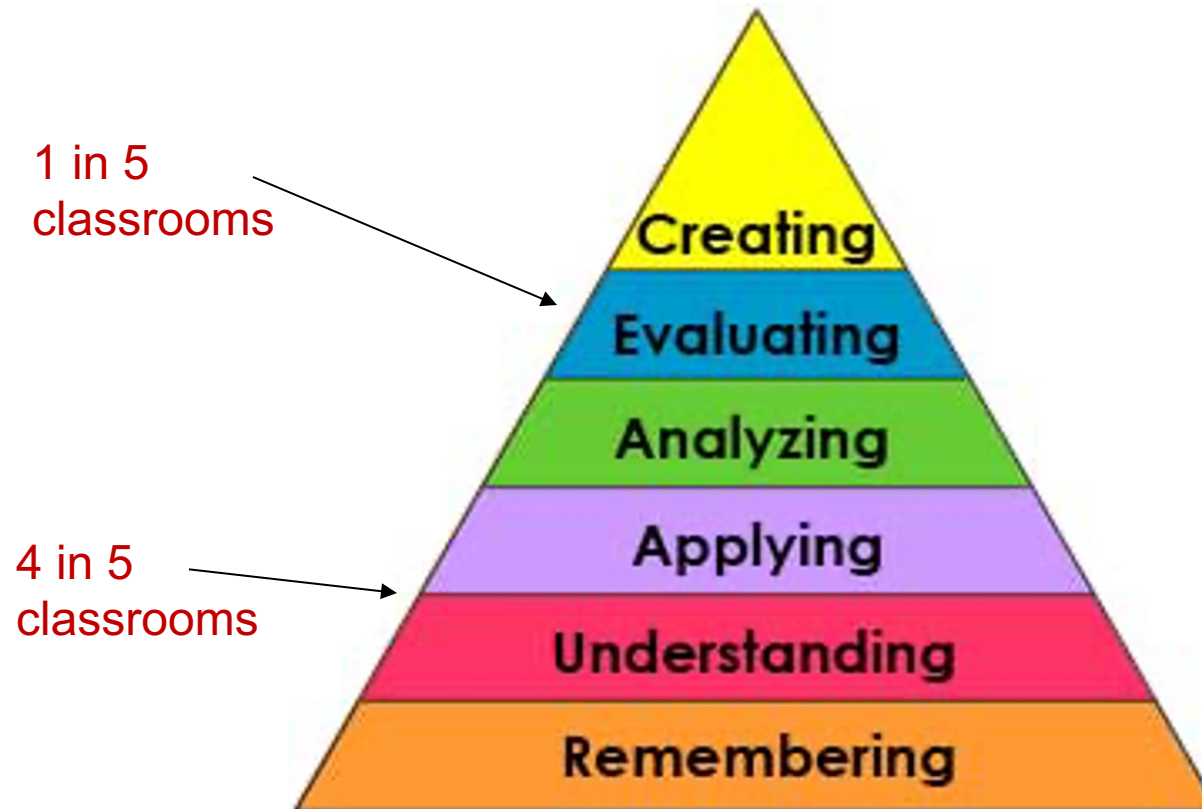
# Deeper Learning: Cognitive Perspectives

## Bloom's Revised Taxonomy



# Challenging Tasks Exception to the Rule

## Bloom's Revised Taxonomy

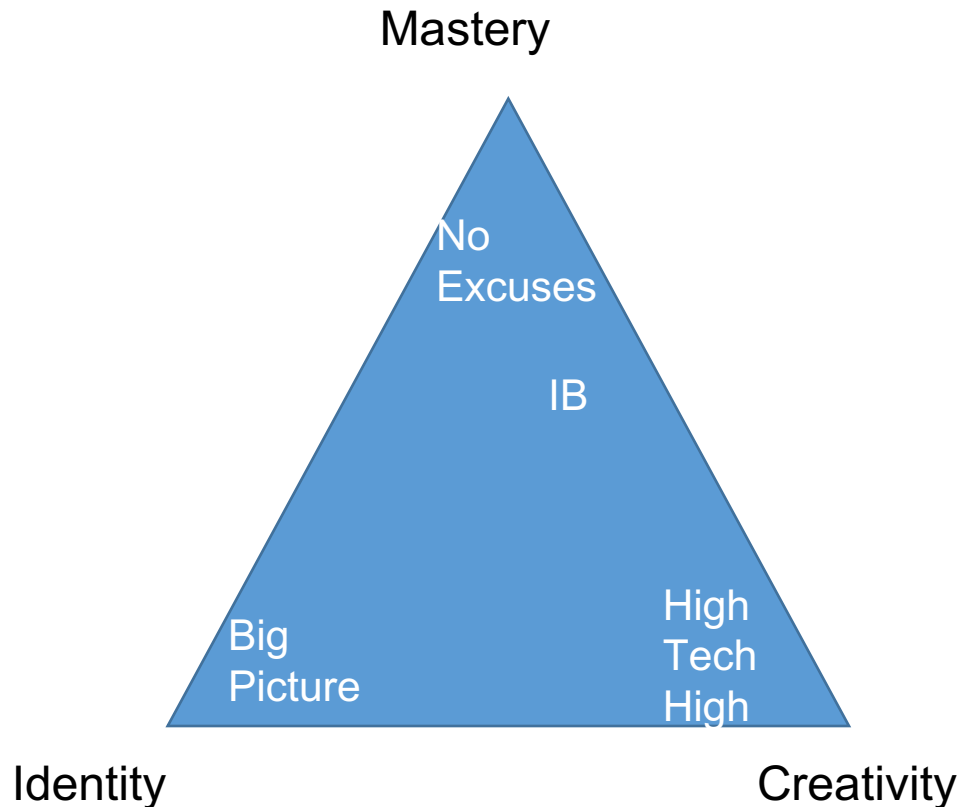


Source: Measures of Effective Teaching Study, 2012

# 3 Disheartening But Common Patterns

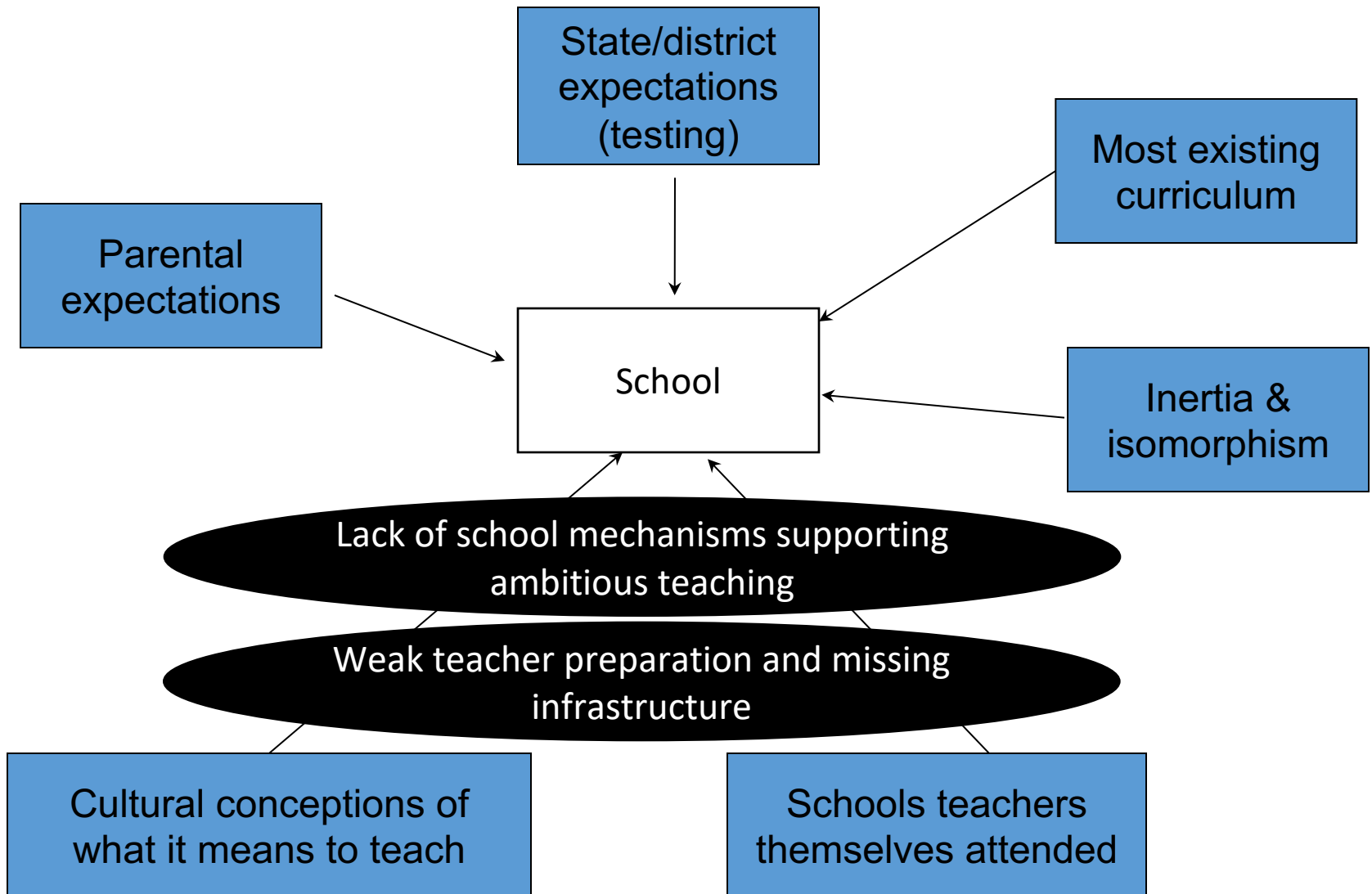
1. “Waiting for Godot” pattern – Basics first, “deeper learning” later
  - Particularly acute in high poverty schools and places where students were “behind”
1. Asking higher-order questions but then answering them themselves
1. Mistaking student-centered learning for deeper learning

# Mission-Oriented Schools Had Trouble Integrating Different Virtues Important for Learning





# Why Is Ambitious Teaching So Rare? Omissions and Constraints



Ready for some good news?

# Extracurriculars: Theater

- Purposeful arc towards public performance
- Choice
- Community/family
- Apprenticeship learning
- Whole game at junior level



(Consistent with what we know about how people learn, research on youth development, not consistent with how we do school)

# Science: Methods of Scientific Inquiry

(Urban Traditional High School)

- ❖ Design an experiment around an authentic research question (ex: does music make you more focused while studying?)
- ❖ Choice and agency
- ❖ Conduct literature review
- ❖ Design the study, given financial and logistical constraints
- ❖ Adjust hypothesis when null results happen



# Project Based Learning: California Innocence Project

## XONR8 Project (High Tech High Chula Vista)

- ❖ Meet with real exonerees
- ❖ Meet with lawyers at the CIP
- ❖ Read & analyze a “training case”
- ❖ Work on a pending case
- ❖ Present cases to the CIP lawyers
- ❖ Write a final argumentative essay



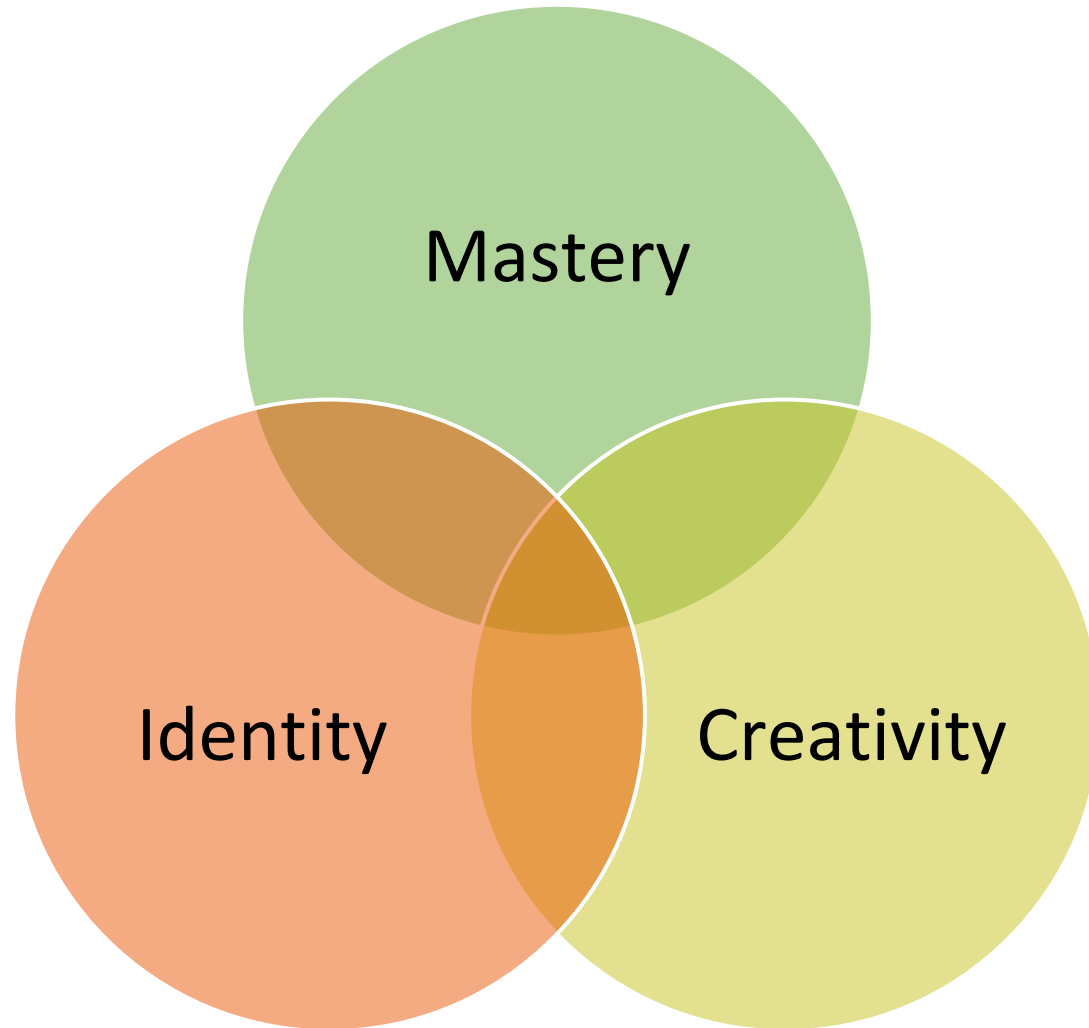
What do these learning experiences have in common?



# What does deeper learning look, feel, and sound like?

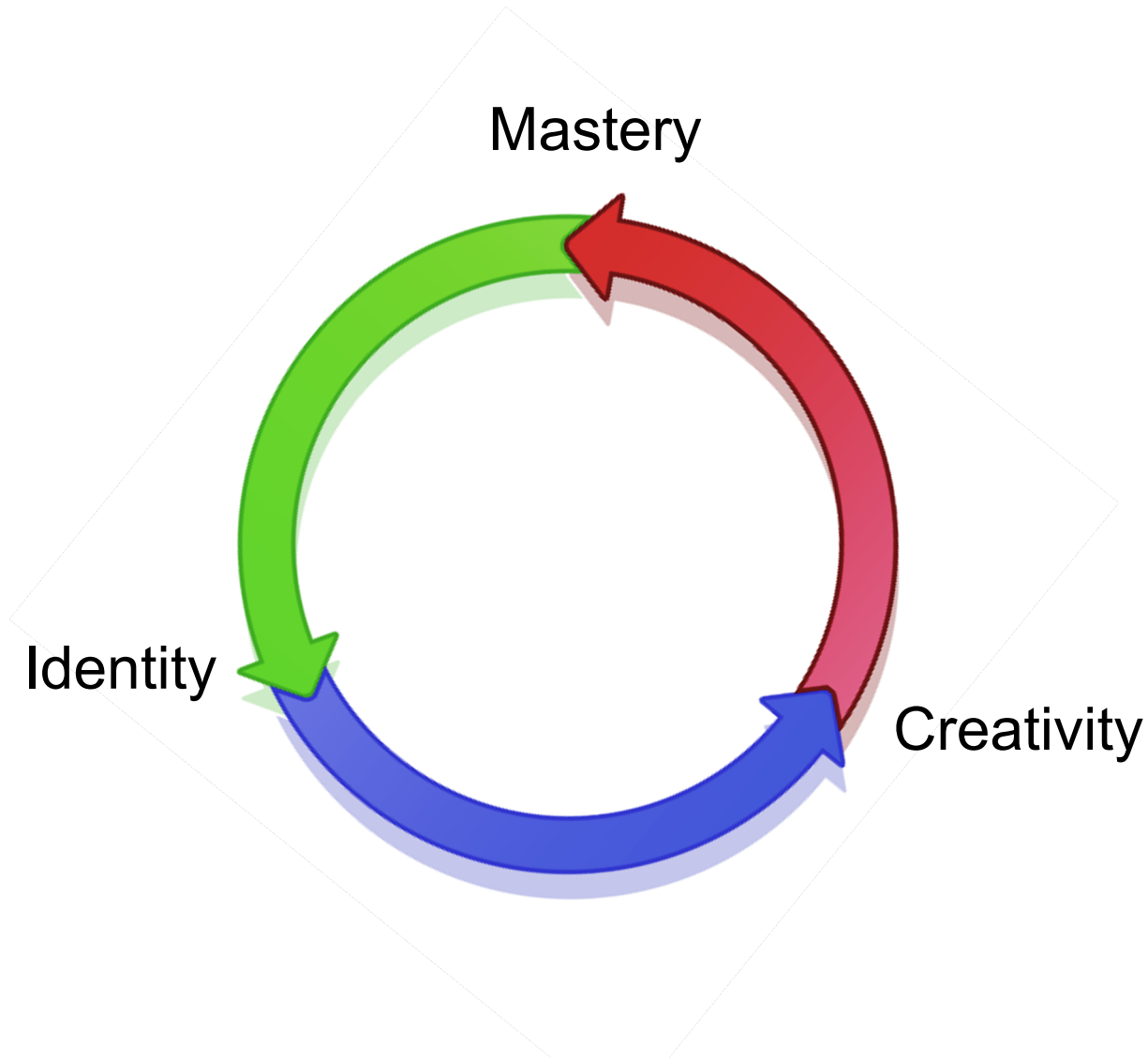


# What Happens in Consequential Learning Experiences?





# Deeper Learning in the Long Run



# Apprenticeship



Slow Down



# Philosophy as Literature



THE PRINCIPLES  
OF PHILOSOPHY  
*Rene Descartes*



# Whole Game Teachers: The Stance

	Most Teachers	“Whole game” teachers
Educational goal	Cover the material	Inspire to become a member of the field
Pedagogical priorities	Breadth	Depth
View of knowledge	Certain	Uncertain
Role of student	Receiver of knowledge	Creator of knowledge
View of failure	Something to be avoided	Critical for learning
Ethos	Compliant	Purpose + play

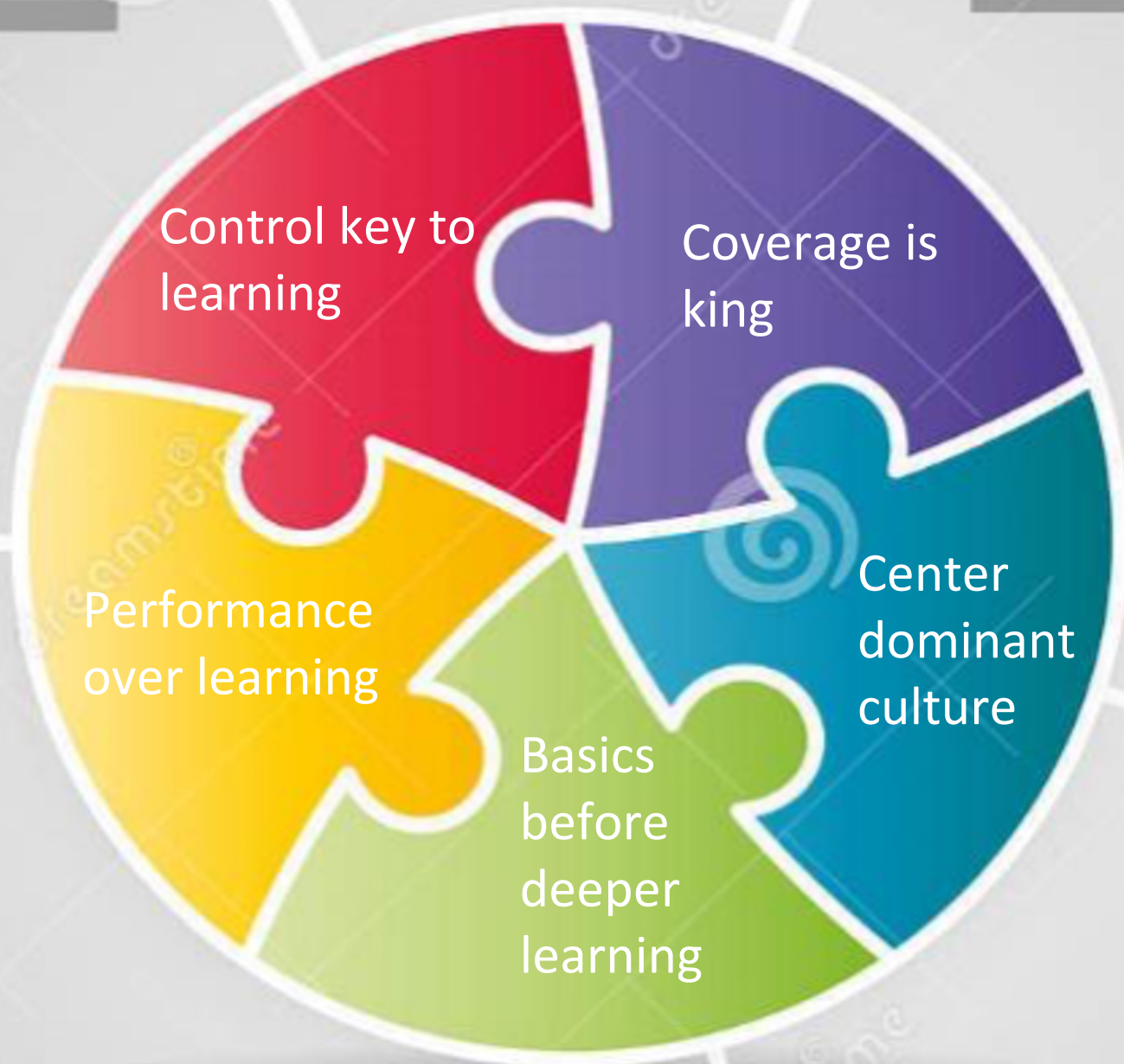
# What Differentiated Whole Game Teachers: The Who

## ❖ Importance of seminal learning experiences in the disciplines:

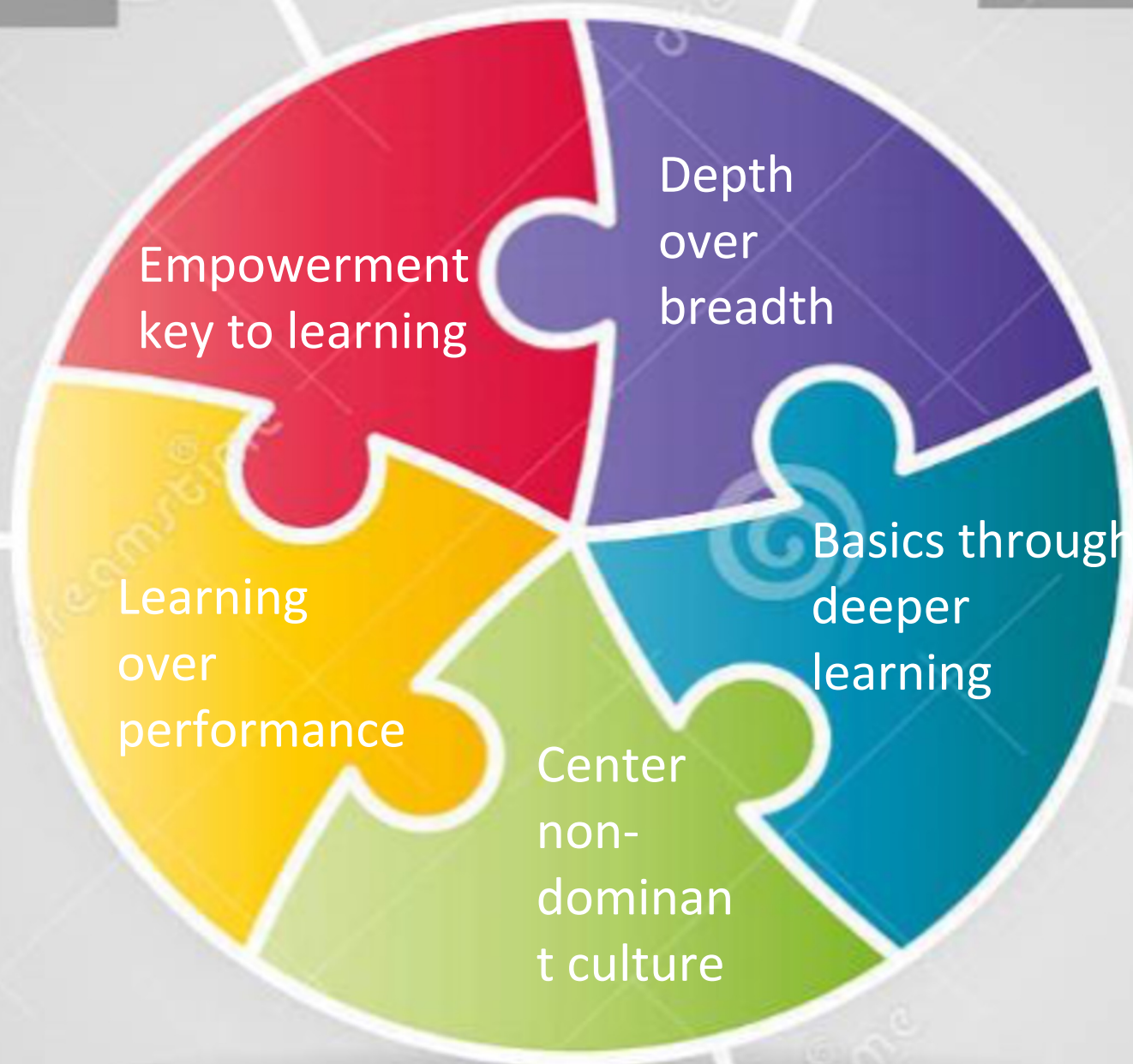
“Another interesting thing is—I think back at my own education. It wasn’t until I did an independent study in my senior year that I really got involved in doing some of the kinds of things that we ask the students to do in the MSI class, my senior year in college. I really didn’t get good exposure to a lot of stuff until I became a grad student and started doing research of my own. That was a whole different experience than all the coursework that I had taken prior to that.”

“I suppose, if I didn’t go to graduate school, I wouldn’t be the same person I am. I’m a constructivist, because that’s the training that I have. I practiced constructing models that reflect the data that I collected. I can’t separate that experience from who I am now, as a teacher of these kids.”

# Unlearning: Assumptions to Let Go Of



# New Assumptions to Embrace





# How Could We Build a System to Support Deeper Learning for All Students? (A Reformist Agenda)

1. Credentialing: More content knowledge; less out of field teaching
2. Teacher Training: Deeper Learning stance
3. External testing: From coverage to depth
4. Symmetry: Deeper learning opportunities for adults

# Symmetry: What Do Adults Experience?

- Command and control
- Faddish and churning
- “Driving change”
- Batch processing
- Death by powerpoint
- Absence of trust

(20<sup>th</sup> century mode of leadership: Command and control, management by objectives, Newtonian metaphors)

# Symmetry: What do Adults Need?

- Competence, autonomy, relatedness
- Agency and choice
- Opportunities to experience as adults the learning we want for students
- Below the green line: Trust and relationships

(21<sup>st</sup> century mode of leadership: Listening leader, ethic of care, below the green line, emergence, culture of rigor and joy)

# The “Grammar of Schooling”

Age graded schooling

Egg crate classrooms

Siloed subjects

Leveling and tracking

“Is this going to be on the test?”



# A New Grammar of Schooling

	<u>Existing grammar of schooling</u>	<u>New grammar of schooling</u>
Purpose	Assimilate pre-existing content	Student as producer
View of knowledge	Siloed and fixed	Interconnected and dynamic
Learning modality	Teaching as transmission	Learning through doing
Roles	One teacher, many students	Various roles: Apprenticeship learning
Boundaries between disciplines	Strong	Permeable
Boundaries between school and world	Strong	Permeable
Boundaries between academic and practical	Strong	Permeable
Places where students learn	Schools	Various, including schools, community centers, field sites, online
Choice	Limited	Open, multiple
Time	Short blocks of fixed length	Longer blocks, space for immersive experiences
Assessment	Seat time, standardized tests	Worthy products in the domain: projects, portfolios, performances, research

# Some Potential Structural Changes

- Change the Purpose: Meaningful tasks, agency, choice, and voice
- Change the Relationships: Every student seen, known, and heard
- Change the Curriculum: Marie Kondo the Curriculum
- Change the Time & Schedule: 3 blocks, 60-75 student teacher load
- Change the Assessments: Performance assessments

So how are we going to make these changes?

“In their book *Leading from the Emerging Future*, Otto Scharmer and Katrin Kaufer describe three “openings” needed to transform systems:

- **opening the mind (to challenge our assumptions);**
- **opening the heart (to be vulnerable and to truly hear one another);**
- **and opening the will (to let go of pre-set goals and agendas and see what is really needed and possible).**



“These three openings match the blind spots of most change efforts, which are often based on rigid assumptions and agendas and fail to see that transforming systems is ultimately about transforming relationships among people who shape those systems. Many otherwise well-intentioned change efforts fail because their leaders are unable or unwilling to embrace this simple truth.”

– Landon Mascarenaz and Doannie Tran, *The Open System: Redesigning Education and Reigniting Democracy* (forthcoming)



Opinion

# Make Schools More Human

The pandemic showed us that education was broken. It also showed us how to fix it.



# A Different Way of Seeing, Relating, and Being

	<u>Model A (The Old Way)</u>	<u>Model B (The New Way)</u>
Key values	Control, rule following, impersonal relationships	Learning, innovation, flexibility, relational trust
Leadership	Hero (control)	Host (distributed)
Social organization	Hierarchical	Flat (circular)
Relationships	Shallow and transactional	Deep and vulnerable
Approach to problems	Blaming, finger pointing	Collaborating, possibility creating
Approach to equity	Performative and defensive	Distributing power and learning together
Relationship to research	Evidence- <u>based</u> (linear model—unidirectional)	Evidence- <u>informed</u> (inquiry model – bidirectional)
Approach to scale	Implement with fidelity	Networks of networks
Overall approach	Bureaucracy	Public profession

# Conclusion: A Mini Manifesto



1. We are raising young people, not simply transmitting knowledge.
2. Schools should model and help students build a better democracy and a better world.
3. Care and relationships are the foundation for everything else.
4. Tasks should be grounded in purpose and meaning.
5. We should think in terms of wholes and not parts, connections and not silos.

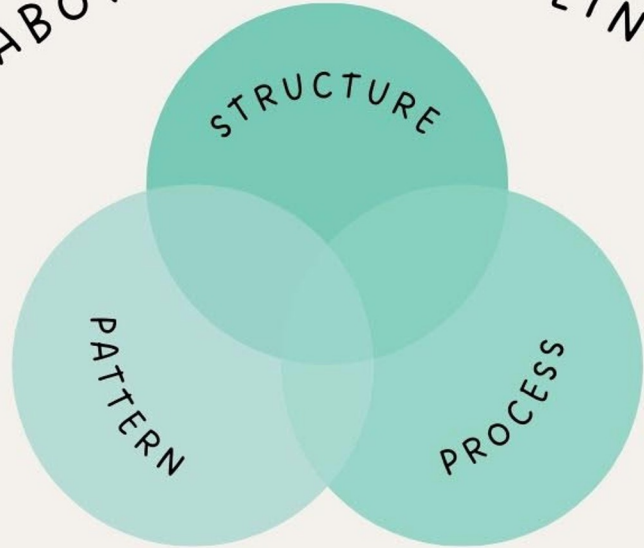
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6. There is no one-size-fits all solution. Different approaches make sense for different contexts.
7. We need to think long-term rather than short-term, act on underlying systems rather than visible symptoms, and move at the speed of trust.
8. External interventions are only helpful to the degree that they help cultivate the above qualities as opposed to diminish them.
9. Inequity is baked into many of our assumptions and structures; we will need to uncover, disrupt, and re-form these mindsets and structures anew.
10. Change will come not by policy but by social movement; these principles work, and as more people adopt them, they will spread epidemiologically until they entirely replace what came before.

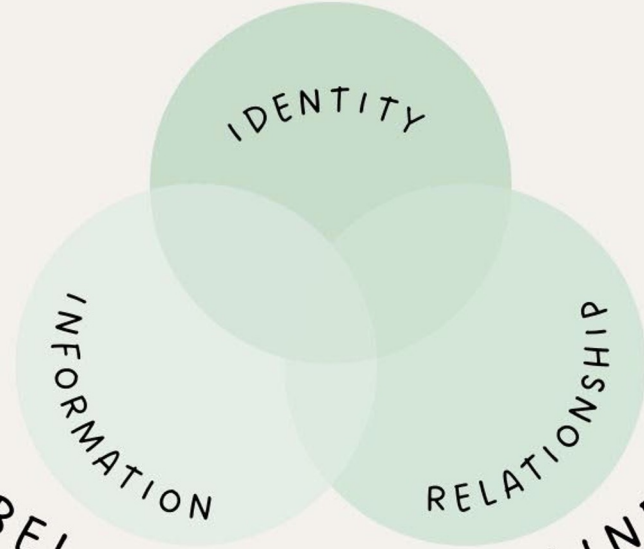
# Extra Stuff



"ABOVE THE GREEN LINE"



"BELOW THE GREEN LINE"



6 CIRCLE MODEL. (WHEATLEY, ET AL.)

# THE DEEPER LEARNING DOZEN

Abbotsford School  
District

Arlington Public  
Schools

Burlington School  
District

Cowichan Valley  
School District

Kentucky Department  
of Education

Kootenay Lake School  
District

Madison Metropolitan  
School District

Monterey Peninsula  
Unified School District

Nisga'a School District

Revere Public Schools

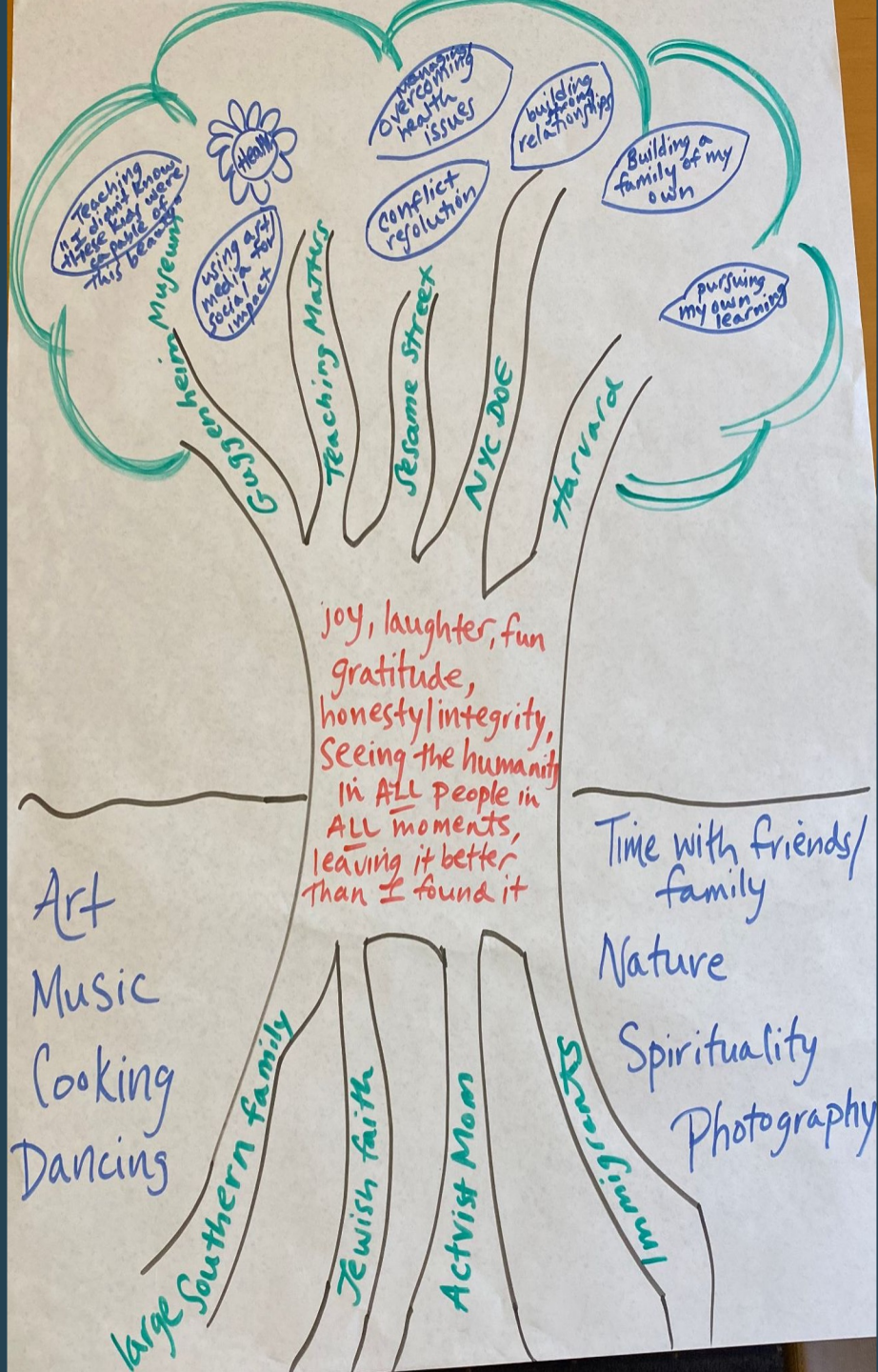
Vancouver School  
Board

West Contra Costa  
Unified School District





# Performance to Learning



# Building Trust



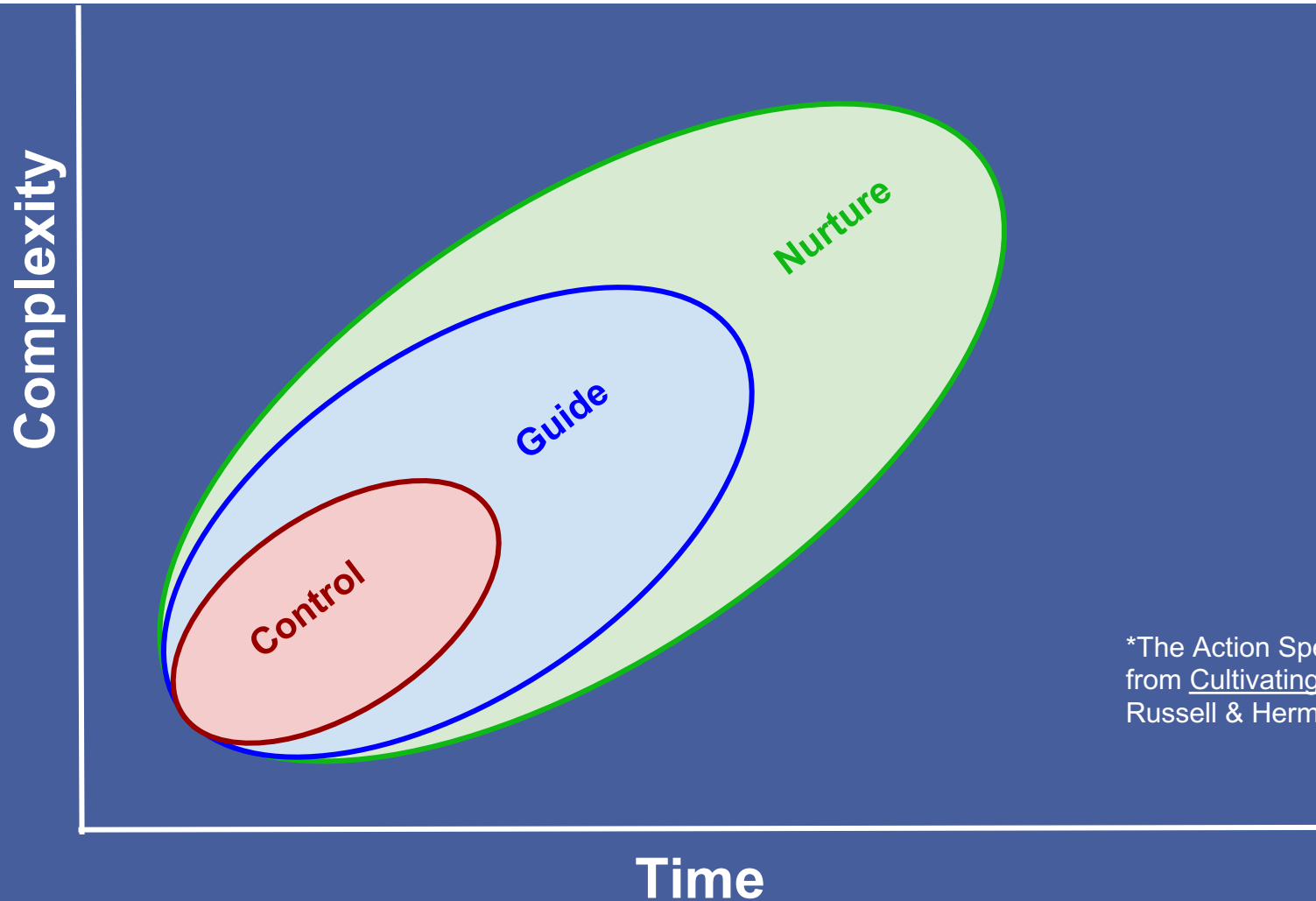
# Jam Session



Figure 2. The management of complexity



# Leadership: “Control, Guide, and Nurture”\*



\*The Action Spectrum, adapted from Cultivating Flows, Jean Russell & Herman Wagter

## COMPLEX

**Unknown problem:** it is unknown how to handle the problem within a situation and the solution cannot be known in advance

Decisions are uncertain and solutions only apparent in hindsight

Use "Safe to Learn" Experiments

UNORDERED  
SYSTEM

*Emergent Practice*

## CHAOTIC

**Unknowable problem:** The "crisis" is unknowable but the solution needs to be stabilized

Decisions need to be made quickly to address the situation

Use single or multi-actions to stabilize a situation

*Novel Practice*

## COMPLICATED

**Knowable problem:** The problem is knowable within a situation and some predictability of solution is possible

Decisions require expert knowledge

Use analytical techniques to determine facts and options

*Good Practice*

## OBVIOUS

**Known problem:** There is a known right answer for the problem within the current situation

Decisions are obvious

Use standard operating procedures

*Best Practice*

ORDERED  
SYSTEM

DISORDER

# The Four Habits of Inclusive Design



## Empathy

Understanding the views, feelings & needs of others

## Co-Creation

Working together to create and/or implement a solution to a challenge

## Inclusion

Bringing in diverse voices, building a sense of belonging

## Reciprocity

Exchanging or sharing power/privileges for mutual benefit

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# Extra Stuff



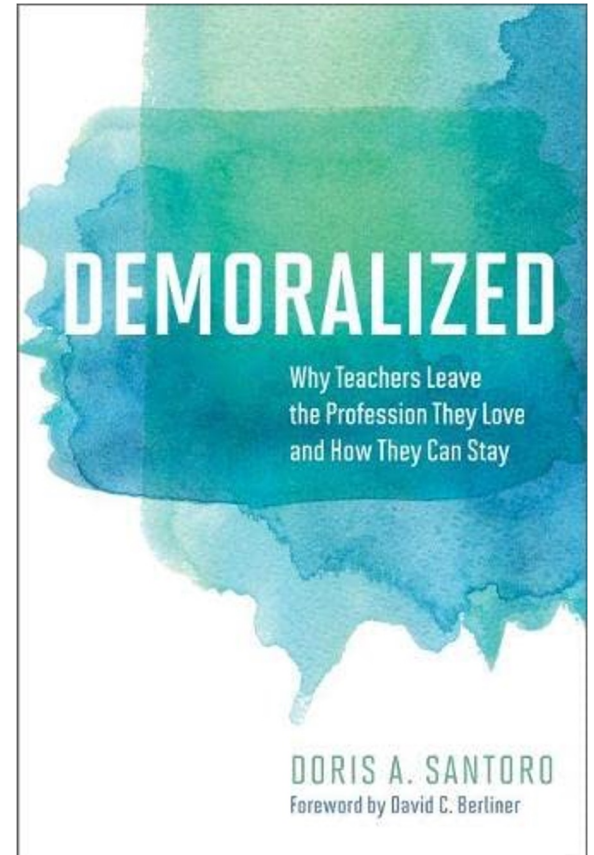


TEACHING PROFESSION

# The Status of the Teaching Profession Is at a 50-Year Low. What Can We Do About It?



By [Caitlynn Peetz](#) — November 15, 2022 ⌚ 5 min read



# Theater: Servant of Two Masters

(Suburban Traditional High School)

- Authentic Purpose: Arc towards public performance
- Student agency
- Choice
- Community/family
- Whole game at junior level



# Science: Methods of Scientific Inquiry

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**CONSTRUCTED**  
Patterns, Processes,  
Structures

Develop Your Own Convictions About What  
You Think is Really Important for Young  
People and What Success Would Look Like

**EMERGENT**  
Relationships, Identity,  
Information, Flow

Develop Infrastructure That  
Supports Consistent and  
Equitable Deep Learning

**ASPIRATIONAL**  
Vision and Incentives  
(Collective & Personal)

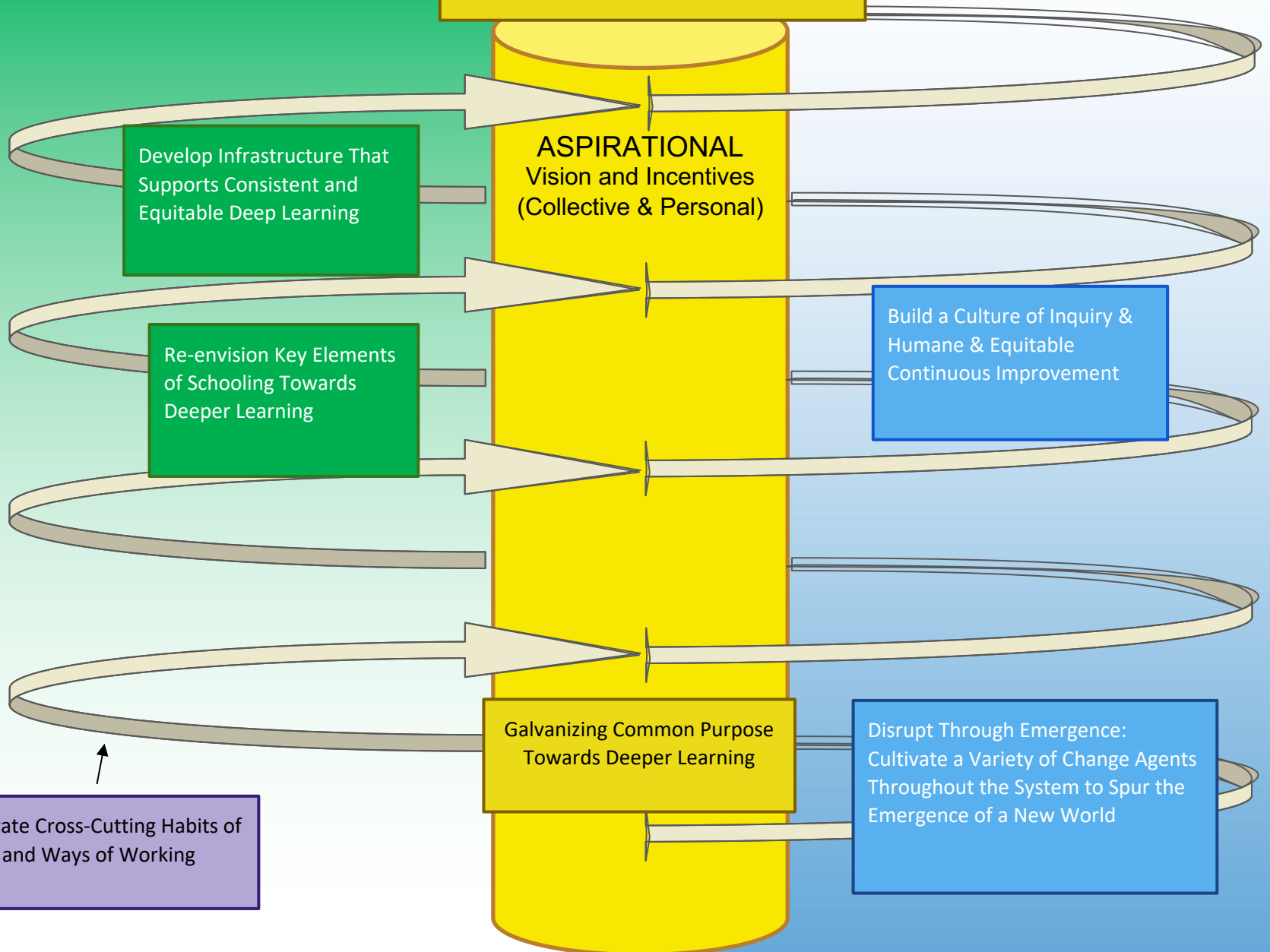
Re-envision Key Elements  
of Schooling Towards  
Deeper Learning

Build a Culture of Inquiry &  
Humane & Equitable  
Continuous Improvement

Galvanizing Common Purpose  
Towards Deeper Learning

Disrupt Through Emergence:  
Cultivate a Variety of Change Agents  
Throughout the System to Spur the  
Emergence of a New World

Cultivate Cross-Cutting Habits of  
Mind and Ways of Working





# California Exonerate Project

- ❖ “Why do I feel like I need to do well in this project? Because we’re just part of something so big. It’s like we’re holding somebody’s life in our hands.”



# Apprenticeship

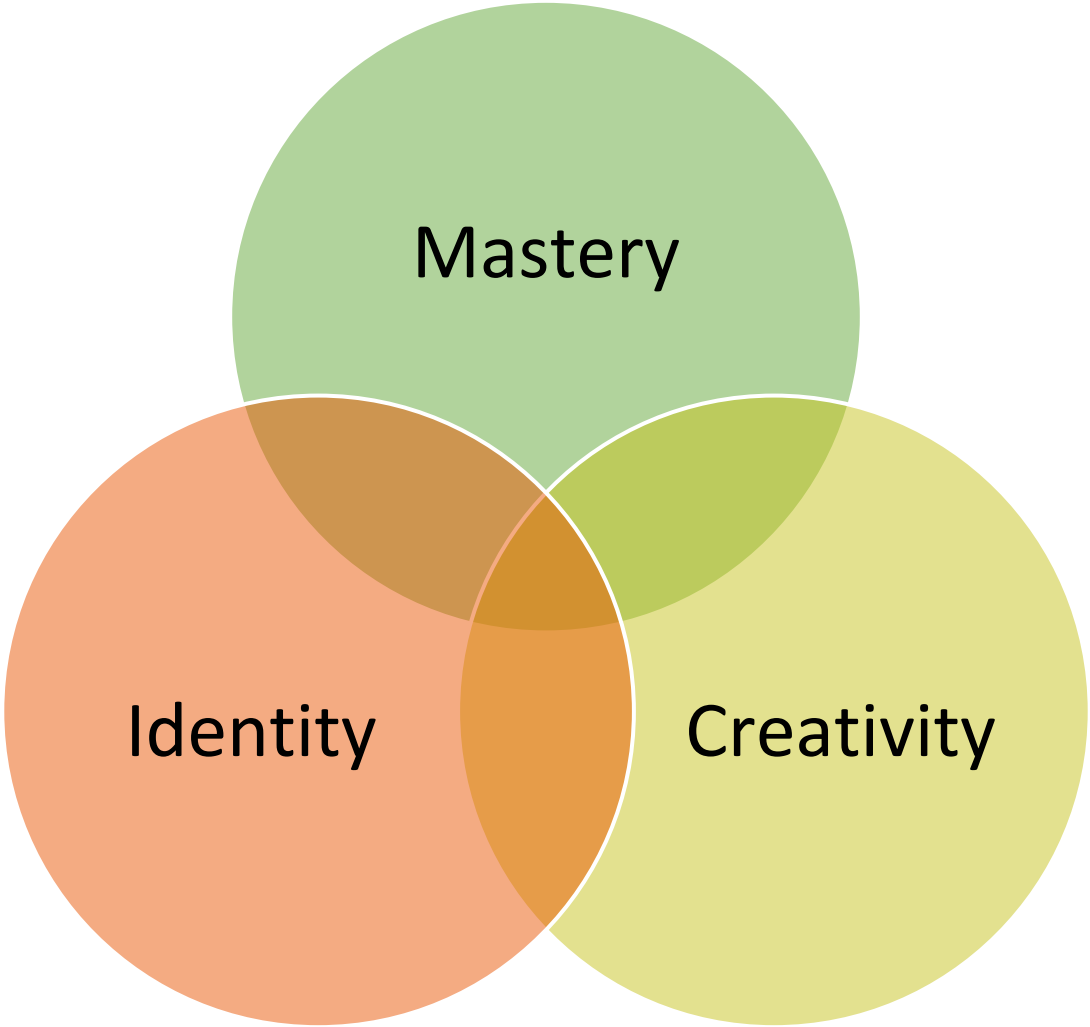


Slow Down



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View of failure	Something to be avoided	Critical for learning
Ethos	Compliant	Purpose + play



Mastery

Identity

Creativity

# Powerful Learning Experiences Brought Together Mastery, Identity, and Creativity

